MARK TWAIN'S APOLOGY.

Why He Could Not Accept an Invitation to Dinner.

During a recent warm discussion between the Catholics and the Protestants of Lancaster, Pennsylvania, Miss Mary Kyle, a lady who had always taken deep interest in religious matters, conceived a brilliant idea as to how these differences between the denominations could be amicably settled. Believing that the only way by which this end could be accomplished would be to have the ministers and master minds of the country assemble at a large dinner, and discuss at the same time religion and victuals. Miss Mary issued invitations to a number of prominent men, soliciting their aid in the furtherance of her object, and asking their presence at a dinner to be given by her. Among others invited was Mark Twain. The letter addressed to the latter gentleman was long, covering a number of closely written pages, and after giving a history of the contest which was being waged in religious circles in that city, stated that the writer had been favored with visions and inspirations from heaven, by which she was told that the only way to settle the matter was in the manner proposed by her. In answer, Mr. Clemens sent the following letter containing his regrets, and stating his reasons for not being present:

FARMINGTON AVENUE, HARTFORD, CONN., Feb. 21st, 1880.—Well, Mary, my friend, you must think I am a slow sort of correspondent, and the truth is, I am. You must forgive this fault; it is one which I have never been able to correct. I am a pretty busy person, tress must be a lady of high degree and a very lazy one; therefore I am apt to let letters lie a long time before I answer them. However, once a year, on or about Washington's birthday, I rake together all the unanswered letters and reply to them. I meant to answer the letter you sent me some weeks ago, but waited for Washington's birthday to come. Write to me whenever you feel like it, Mary, but don't you feel hurt if I keep you waiting till the next hair, newly washed with amole, banged Washington's birthday for an answer. I do not feel half so much hurried when I have a year to answer a letter in as I do when people expect a reply right away. I only send money to people once a year, too, and that is on Washington's birthday, so you see if I had answered you earlier I could not have sent you the five dollars until now.

Take this check which I enclose, and will tell the banker you are the person named on it, and will give you the money, or if you choose, you can mail the check (after writing your name on the back of it) to Messrs. George P. Bissell & Co., Hartford, Conn., telling they will send it by return mail. think your idea of getting those cler- ter. gymen together at a dinner table is a very good one. They will have to put up with each other's society a good long time in heaven, so they may as well begin to get used to it here. Besides, I think, as you said, that their coming together in a friendly way will have a good influence on other people. I am much obliged to you for asking me to be present and carve the turkey, but I must not go. Always when I carve a turkey I swear a little. (All people swear to themselves—but I swear right out. I never could help it, though it has cost me many a pang.) I think a person ought not to swear where clergymen are, unless they provoke him. Well, I couldn't be there anyway, because I have to stay at home and stick close to my work, else this nation would become so ignorant in a little while that it would break one's heart to look at it. No, you, and I have our separate duties in this world, Mary-your line is to humanize the clergy, and mine is to instruct the public. Let us not interfere with each other's functions. I have a most kindly sympathy toward you and your work, and perhaps that is a better contribution than my own presence would who promptly responded with a gun and a be. You say "Pity me"-indeed I do, and that is a true word. I wish I could tell you whether those were genuine visions and inspirations you have writ- home.

ten me about, but I can not be absolutely certain. They seem to me to be just like all the visions and inspirations I have ever heard of, and so I think you may rest assured that yours are as perfectly true and genuine and trustworthy as any that have ever happened in the world. Now let that comfort you, Mary, let that give peace to your troubled spirit, and believe me your friend. S. L. CLEMENS,

(Mark Twain.)

A Pueblo Belle.

There passes my window at this moment, writes Mrs. Lew Wallace, a young Indian girl from Tesuque, a village eight miles north of this place—Santa Fe, New Mexico. Like the beloved one of the Canticles, she is dark but comely, and without saddle or bridle sits astride her little burro in cool defiance of city prejudice. Always gayly dressed, with ready nod and a quick smile, showing the whitest teeth, we call her Bright Alfaratta, in memory of the sweet singer of the blue Juniata; though the interpreter says her true name is Poy-ye, the Rising Moon. Neither of us understand a word of the other's language, so I beckon to her. She springs to the ground with the supple grace of an antelope and comes to me, holding out a thin, slender hand, the tint of Florentine bronze, seats herself on the window-sill, and in the shade of the portal we converse in what young lovers are pleased to call eloquent silence. Her donkey will not stray, but lingers patiently about, like the lamb he resembles in face and temper, and nibbles the scant grass which fringes the acequia. I think his mis perhaps the caciquee's daughter, she wears such a holiday air unusual with such women, and is so richly adorned with beads of strung periwinkles. She wears loose moccasins, "shoes of silence," which cannot hide the delicate and shapely ontline of her feet, leggins of deer-skin, a skirt reaching below the knee, and a cotton chemise. Her head has no covering but glossy jet-black in front, and "is tricked off behind the ears in the shape of a wheel which resembles the handle of a cup"-the distinguished fashion of maidenhood now as it was more than 300 years ago. Tied by a scarlet cord across her forehead is a pendant of opaline shell, the lining of a muscle shell, doubtless the very ornament called precious pearl and opal which dazzled the eyes and stirred go to the bank with Mr. Miller, and he the covetous hearts of the first conquerers. Our Pueblo belle wraps about her drapery such as Castenada's maiden never dreamed of-a flowing mantle which has followed the march of progress. Thrown across the left shoulder and drawn under her bare and beautithem to send to you a postal order, and ful riget arm is a handsome red blanket, with the letters U. S. woven in the cen

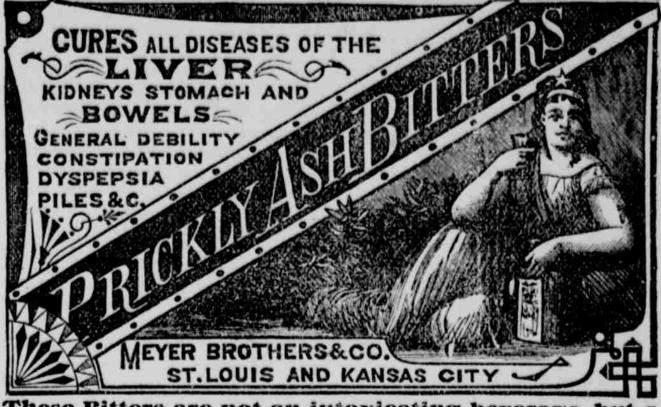
How to Keep Chickens.

Scientific Californian, Keep a record of your work. Do not burden your mind with trying to remember either your success or failure. If you make an experiment, record it, so that you can trace it up for reference if it is a success; if it is a failure, you can protect yourself against it another time. Do not allow the bones from the table to be thrown into the dust heap, or lie around the yard; throw them into the fire, burn them a little, crush and give them to your fowls. If bread is burned, or anything else that is cooked in the house, do not throw it away, but use it as charcoal for your birds. If they have been obliged to run in the orchard or meadow to pick up their living as they can and feeding on what they could get, their eggs and flesh are likely to taste; feeding charcoal in any shape will remedy the evil.

That it pays to look under the bed before you retire, if you are a woman, received fresh evidence in Watertown, Conn., recently. A young lady took a peep and was rewarded with a view of a man's boots. She immediately called her father, club, and catching hold of the rascal's feet, brought his own boots to light. His daughter had worn them on a berry expedition and had thrown them there on getting

OR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC is a preparation of Protoxide of Iron, Peruvian Bark and the Phosphates, associated with the Vegetable Aromatics. Endorsed by the Medical Profession, and recommended by them for Dyspepsia, General Debility, Female Diseases, Want of Vitality, Nervous Prostration, Convalescence from Fevers and Chronic Chills and Fever. It serves every purpose where a Tonic is necessary.

Manufactured by THE DR. HARTER MEDICINE CO., No. 213 North Main Street, St. Louis.



These Bitters are not an intoxicating beverage, but a Medicine of real merit, and pleasant to the taste. For Sale by all Druggists. Price, \$1.00 per Bottle.

Holiday Styles in Jewelry, Silverware, Clocks, &c. All eastern prices duplicated. Order from me and save time and freight.

N. HERSHFIELD, LEAVENWORTH, KAN.

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM, OF LYNN, MASS., This well-known and thoroughly efficient remedy for diseases of the Eye, has acquired a world-wide reputa-



LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

The Positive Cure

for all those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best female population.

It will cure entirely the worst form of Female Complaints, all ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, and the consequent Spinal Weakness, and is particularly adapted to the Change of Life.

It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an carry stage of development. The tendency to cancerous humors there is checked very speedily by its use. It removes faintness. flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and reneves weakness of the stomach, It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indi-

That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use. It will at all times and under all circumstances act in harmony with the laws that govern the female system. For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex this

Compound is unsurpassed LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COM-POUND is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price \$1. Six bottles for \$5. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of lozenges, on receipt of price, \$1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pample

let. Address as above. Mention this Paper.
No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure constipation, biliousness and torpidity of the liver. 25 cents per box. SOLD BY

RICHARDSON & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

Victor Standard Scales.

tion during the past eighty-five years, and it is a remark-able fact that this reputation has been sustained simply

by the Merits of the Medicine itself and not by

who have used it will bear testimony to the truth of this statement. Manufactured only by JOHN L. THOMPSON

SONS, & CO., Troy, N.Y. Price 25c. Sold by all druggists.

To any our suff ring with CONSUMPTIO

the information in this Illustrated volume of 144 png. s structuable. In the providence of God it has save t many useful lives. Address
DR. N. B. WOLFE, 146 Smith St., Cincinnati, O.



Also Victor Self-governing Wind Mill. Every Scala and every Mill equal to the best. Foriprices address MOLINE SCALE CO., Meline, Illinets.

SYMPTOMS OF A

Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Pain in the Head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder blade, full-ness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of hav-ing neglected some duty, Weariness, Diz-viness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellow Skin, Headache generally over the right eye, Restlessness, with fitful dreams, highly colored Urine, and

CONSTIPATION.

gle dose effects such a change of feeling as to ust onish the sufferer. SOLD EVERYWHERE PRICE 25 CENTS.